

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 16, 1784.

THIS DAY is published,
A CATALOGUE
Of a scarce and valuable collection of
BOOKS,

IN various languages, arts and sciences, chiefly in good condition, many of them in elegant bindings, consisting of the most celebrated Authors in useful and polite Literature, and are now selling very reasonable (the lowest prices printed in the Catalogue) by WILLIAM PRICHARD, Bookseller and Stationer, at the American Circulating Library, opposite Lætitia Court, between Front and Second-streets, in Market-street; who gives a generous price for any Library, or parcel of Books.

Philadelphia, June 12, 1784.

Philadelphia, Sixth Month 14, 1784.

BY virtue of the power vested in us the Executors to the last will and testament of Charles Connor, late of the city of Philadelphia, wool-comber, deceased, will be exposed to sale by public auction or vendue, at the Coffee-house, in the said city, on the 7th day of the Seventh month (July) next ensuing, at 7 o'clock in the evening, A certain LOT or PIECE of GROUND, situate on the west side of Fifth-street from Delaware river, in the square between High-street and Mulberry-street, in the said city, containing in breadth on the said Fifth-street 20 feet, and in length 78 feet and an half, bounded on the east with Fifth-street, on the south with Thomas Savery's lot, late Evan Davis's, on the west with ground now or late of Mary Hudson, and on the north with ground late of William Hudson, deceased; subject to a yearly ground-rent of 2l. 10s. lawful money of Pennsylvania; on which lot is erected a wooden frame tenement and back buildings. Attendance will be given at the time and place of sale, by us the subscribers,

ABRAHAM LIDDON, and) Executors.
SAMUEL CLARK,)

To be SOLD at private SALE,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, situate in West Caln township, Chester county, containing 130 acres with the usual allowance; whereon is erected a good dwelling-house, containing two rooms and a kitchen on the first floor, also a barn, stable and cow-house. There is on said plantation 250 apple trees all bearing fruit, with a good many peach trees. A spring of good water very convenient to the dwelling house; with a spring-house: And a meadow of about 18 acres mostly watered, and more may be made. There are about 70 acres of cleared land. The woodland is well timbered, and there would be a sufficiency of wood though another field was cleared. The title is indisputable. The crop in the ground is to be reserved on the sale. For further particulars enquire of JAMES CONCHRY, shopkeeper, opposite the Blue Bell, in Front-street, or of the subscriber living on the premises.

June 9th, 1784. WILLIAM MOOR.

THIRTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Rapho township, Lancaster county, on the 29th of May last, a Negro WENCH, about 45 years of age, middle sized, has some white on her head, understands house work well; had on, when she went away, a calicoe short gown and petticoat, and a black silk bonnet; her name is Hannah. Whoever takes up said wench, and secures her, so that her master may have her again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

ADAM TATE.

New-Castle, June 5, 1784.

WAS committed to the goal of this county, the two following Negro Men, viz. SAM, a stout well made fellow, committed the 14th of May last; he is about 6 feet 3 inches high, about 30 years of age, says he is the property of Edward Brown, of the eastern shore of Maryland, at a place called the Northwest Fork. JOE, committed the 22d of May, about 17 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, has lost two of his upper fore teeth, and all his toes of his right foot; says his master's name is James Jackson, and lives at Chesnut Level, Lancaster county, State of Pennsylvania. Therefore their masters are requested to come, pay charges, and take them away, within four weeks from the above date, otherwise they will be discharged according to law.

THOMAS CLARK, Goaler.

TAKEN up, supposed to be stolen, a light bay HORSE, about 14 hands high, a black mane and tail, a natural pacer, and canter well, the near hind foot white from the hoof to the foot-lock joint, the off hind foot black from the hoof to the foot-lock joint, the two fore legs black to the knees; is about 5 years old, without mark or brand; also a saddle, with sheepskin seat, brass plain buttons and leather housings, one brass stirrup, and one iron ditto, with a leather fursingle painted white. The owner of said horse, upon proving property and paying charges, may receive the same, by calling on

ROBERT LEVERS, at Easton.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of ROBERT CRAWFORD, deceased, carpenter and dealer, are desired to come and settle their accounts with the subscriber, otherwise the law will be put in force against them; and all persons having any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring them, properly proved, to the subscriber, at Mr. Thomas Craig's, in Market-street, Philadelphia.

June 13, 1784. JOHN CRAWFORD, Administrator.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, on the 18th of November last, an Irish indentured servant Lad, named ANDREW SHARP, about 18 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, short brown hair, smooth young faced, has a lip in his speech; had on and took with him, an olive green cloth coat, half worn, a red and white striped linsley under jacket, old sheep-skin breeches, a pair of striped linen trowsers, two pair of yarn stockings, one pair grey small ribbed, the other blue ribbed, strong shoes nailed in the soles, a half worn round wool hat; he served a time to the blacksmith trade in Ireland, and came over last fall in the Ship Mary, Capt. Stevenson, from Londonderry. Whoever apprehends said servant and secures him in any goal, so that I may get him again, shall have the above reward, by applying to the subscriber, at his store in East-Nottingham township, Chester county, and all reasonable charges, if brought there.

June 14, 1784. JAMES HILL.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril. 4 w.

LOTTERY-OFFICE,

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 8, 1784.

THE TICKETS in the FIRST CLASS of the LOTTERY not being all disposed of, the Drawing cannot commence so early as was expected. The Managers will begin to roll up the Numbers and Prizes this Week, and proceed to the Drawing as early as possible.

City Vendue-Store.

THE CITY AUCTIONEERS having found from Experience, many Inconveniences arising from MONDAY being a fixed Day for Sales at the Store.

Their FRIENDS and the PUBLIC will therefore be pleased to observe, that in future, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS will be the fixed Days for SALES at the Store, and every MARKET-DAY (as usual) at the COFFEE-HOUSE.

The Sale of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE will commence at Nine o'clock in the Morning, and DRY GOODS immediately after.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

At the CITY VENDUE STORE,

At TEN O'CLOCK,

On FRIDAY next,

Will begin the SALE of

A VERY large Assortment of MERCHANDIZE

suitable to the approaching Season.

ARTHUR ST. CLAIR, & Co. Auctioneers.

Philadelphia, June 4, 1784.

GRAND LODGE.

THE Quarterly Communication of the GRAND LODGE of Pennsylvania, will meet at their Lodge-house, near Walnut-street, on Thursday, the 17th instant, at ten o'clock A. M. at which time and place the officers of the several Lodges, under this jurisdiction, are requested punctually to attend.

By order of the R. W. Grand Master,

JOSEPH HOWELL, jun. G. Secretary.

TO BE LET,

A convenient Three Story HOUSE,

in Second-street, in a good Stand for TRADE. Enquire of ELIJAH BROWN, in Chesnut, two Doors from Front-street.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Lower Merion, county of Philadelphia, and State of Pennsylvania, on the 18th instant, a stray iron grey HORSE, about 14 hands high (the age uncertain to me) though young, with a collar mark on each shoulder. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

May 29, 1784.

BARTLE RICHTER.

BORDENTOWN ACADEMY.

THE Rev. BURGISS ALLISON, of Bordentown, having for some time past kept a BOARDING-SCHOOL at that place, and as he has heretofore confined himself to a select number of pupils, takes this method to inform the PUBLIC, that he has been prevailed upon to take a few more in addition to his former number; for all of whom he will provide board, &c. either in his own house or genteel families in the town.

Gentlemen may have their children fitted for any particular class in a public seminary, or their education completed with him, if they should prefer the tuition of a private school. A French Master will be provided for those who chuse to go to the additional expense of having their children taught that language. He will say nothing of the advantages of his peculiar method, both of government and tuition; but let the proficiency of those he has already had the pleasure of teaching, as well as that of his pupils in future, speak. He would just hint at the singular advantages attending a seminary of learning at Bordentown, owing to its exceeding healthy situation, and the ready communication with both the cities of Philadelphia and New-York, by a stage twice per week, from whence he receives most of his pupils. As he does not mean to make a large addition to his number, such gentlemen as first apply shall have places reserved.

Bordentown, May 15, 1784.

Penader hundred, New-Castle, County, May 19, 1784.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT noted PLANTATION, the late estate of Thomas James, Esq; situate on the great road leading from Christiana Bridge to the Head of Elk, about half way between said landings, containing 250 acres, one half cleared, the remainder well timbered, there is about 22 acres of meadow, and more may be made. On said plantation there is a large framed dwelling-house and kitchen, with out-houses, a log barn, and a good stone spring-house, over a never failing spring of excellent water. There is also on said farm, a large orchard of various kinds of fruit.

The situation of this place renders it very advantageous for farming, raising of stock, or carrying on any kind of public business, as there are several springs of water, and a good out-let for cattle. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms by applying to the subscriber on the premises.

TAMER JAMES.

Imported in the ship Queen of Portugal, Captain José Alvez Leal, from Lisbon, and to be SOLD by

JOYCE BROTHERS.

At their STORE, in Water-street, near Pine-street, LISBON WINE in pipes, hogheads and quarter-casks; Hyson and Souchong Teas in quarter chests; Lemons and China Oranges in boxes; Black Pepper; Nankens; China Bowls; red Morocco Skins, and Corks in bales.

They have also for SALE, Madeira Wine; low priced Bohemian Tea; a few pieces of black Sattin; Window-Glafs; with an assortment of grey Irish Linens.

Philadelphia, June 1, 1784.

A Quantity of TOBACCO,

In convenient Ware-houses of Virginia, ready for Delivery, will be disposed of for Cash, Goods, or Notes at long Sight, by PETER WHITESIDE and Co.

Water-street, June 3, 1784.

DUBLIN, APRIL 16.

Yesterday Mr Mathew Doyle, Book-seller, and Mr. William Bingley, were taken by justice Graham, supposed to be parties concerned with the Volunteer Journal.

We hear a considerable sum has been subscribed in the town of Belfast, to support Mr. Carey, the supposed printer of the Volunteers Journal.

HOUSE OF LORDS.

Thursday April 15, 1784.

On the reading the first clause for obliging the printers of news-papers to make an affidavit of their name and place of residence to be lodged in the stamp-office, or with the distributor of stamps, to be forth-coming as should be required, and the same to be conclusive evidence in cases of prosecution for libels.

Lord Mountgarret, in a manly speech, which did great honor to his feelings as a man, and shewed him the real friend and advocate for the rights of the subject, and the liberty of the press, he wished to see the parliament better employed at this time, that is, he wished to see them deliberate for the commercial advantage of the kingdom; he often before mentioned his fears, his opinion, that our free-trade was a shadow, a mere name; could it be shewn that any real advantage had occurred to the nation? No, he supposed the intention of the English ministry to this country, and the prejudice of the English nation prevented the measure; he therefore wished to see their lordships employed on this great business coolly and deliberately, without Irish or English prejudice, being not a subject so trivial in itself as a few nonfensical paragraphs in a news paper, a matter of little or no importance to the community at large, tho' it might hurt the feelings of an individual, who could not be put in comparison with the whole, nay, with ten; he was no advocate for licentious publications; he had, for years, divested himself of all thoughts of them, he would not read them; but, in his opinion, the liberty of the press, was a matter that should not be lightly handled; every man had a right to a free discussion of thought on political subjects, and to give his opinion freely thereon, as it concerned the welfare of the whole, he thought the present clause a hardship to compel a man to criminate himself, against the known law of the land.

The press was the paladium of liberty; to it we owed our dearest and most sacred rights, both civil and religious: when this bill was first brought in, it was fraught with clauses inimical to the liberty of the press; among others, a clause for compelling a man to give security in a large sum of money, for crimes not committed, but for suppositions delinquencies, and another, empowering a justice of the peace to take away the liberty of the subject, without the benefit of his natural right, the trial by jury, and that, tho' ignorant of his crime, being in all probability, totally illiterate; those exceptional clauses are in some measure done away, one was omitted, and the other rather softened; that certainly had been owing to the opposition the bill met with in the other house, in order to give it a specious appearance of unanimity, tho' they were certain of carrying it by numbers, and to facilitate it through this house, there certainly never was a time more improper for bringing forward such an unpopular measure, when the minds of men were in a ferment, it was natural for the people to be watchful of their rights, and they had often, other immediate way, but through the medium of a news-paper; he was therefore against that clause and some others which tended to impose a restraint on the liberty of the press.

Lord Mornington said, he would confine himself to the principle of the bill, which was only to make the printer responsible for any improper publication; it did not take away the liberty of the press; he hoped the noble viscount did not mean to adopt the resolutions of the parish of St. Michan's, St. Nicholas within, or St. Nicholas without, or other parishes; he thought the bill proper, and it should have his support.

Lord Farnham, lord Carysfort, the archbishop of Cashell, and the bishop of Clonfert supported the bill on the principles of its not being inimical to the liberty of the press, for that every man was at liberty freely to declare his sentiments as before, it only tended to prevent wanton and licentious libels, to make the printer responsible in a court of justice.

Went through the bill without amendment.

Report received and agreed to, and ordered to be read a third time to-morrow. Adjourned to this day.

April 17. It has been often remarked, that there is fickleness in the people of this country, that generally counteracts the best designs before they can be executed. Of this class we may rank the project of a Geneve colony, and the building of a city for the emigrants who are to form it near Waterford: Fifty families are already arrived, but the foundations of the New Geneva are scarcely laid; the building is protracted on various pretences, and difficulties arise faster than houses: In the mean time, the Geneve already arrived, who are of the better and most decent kind of artisans, are lounging through our streets, without either settlement or encouragement. An opposition to protecting duties, and the persecution of printers, are objects of more importance to government!

Extract of a letter from Belfast.

"The truly spirited CONSTITUTIONAL Society has represented to the inhabitants of this town, not only the absolute necessity to the preservation of the constitution, of petitioning his Majesty against the bill introduced for securing (alias overturning) the liberty of the press, but have also prevailed on the northern sons of freedom to enter into a most liberal subscription for supporting the Proprietor of the Volunteers Journal, against the weight of the prosecution now carrying on against him, as they conceive it indispensibly necessary, lest hereafter others might be deterred from giving timely warning to their countrymen of approaching danger."

It is not to be wondered at, that the chartered rights of this city should be violated and its Magistrates held in contempt, when we behold them so wanting in public spirit and the duties of their office, as to refuse bailing a fellow-citizen thro' the dread of power. The name of Lightburne was once respectable; his activity was applauded, and the exertions he used to bring a kidnapping Justice and recruiting Officer to condign punishment, won him merited applause. Where was the same nobleness of mind when Carey was brought before him—why did he shrink? 'Tis alone by proper Magnanimity the Magistracy of a city can become authoritative.

Dublin is every day declining in her consequence, and has been even threatened with the abolition of her charter.

A legal correspondent who has seen the warrant of Alderman Warren, published in the Volunteers Journal of yesterday, asserts, that if it is a true copy that Mr. Carey, on bringing his *Habeas Corpus*, must be discharged, and has a good action against the Alderman, and against those Magistrates who refused admitting him to bail, as the committal is wholly illegal; every committal must specify the crime for which the party is apprehended, in order to shew whether the offence is bailable or not.—This is absolutely essential. Now see how this stands:—The warrant recites, "That Mr. Carey on the 3d instant, signed a receipt for a subscription for the Volunteers Journal;" he is not charged with being the printer, the publisher, or the author of the paragraphs condemned by the House of Commons on the 5th instant. No crime is specified, for signing a receipt cannot be criminal; and it being anterior, it does not appear but Mr. Carey (even if he had been concerned in the Volunteers Journal of the 3d) might have wholly abandoned it before the 5th. The liberty of the subject is not to be trifled with, and it is apprehended this warrant was for these reasons wholly insufficient.

The non-importation agreement now entering into, if strictly observed, of which there is no doubt when the present temper of the people of Ireland is considered, will be a fatal stroke to the declining commerce of Great-Britain, for which the people of that kingdom may thank the Rutland administration, who by conceding a few trivial duties, on a small part of the almost innumerable articles of Manufactures imported into Ireland, might have satisfied the Irish by setting the unemployed weavers to work, and still secured to England the best market she has in the world for her goods, has now by its blundering violence obliged an injured nation to advert to itself and break the ties of its commercial connection, by a total rejection of all goods and wares of a country deemed so hostile to its interests.

April 19. Saturday morning Mr. Matthew Doyle and Mr. William Bingley, who were apprehended on Friday as supposed publishers of the Volunteers Journal, were brought before Justice Robinson, who without hesitation discharged them upon bail. The Deputy Serjeant at Arms, who was present, then arrested Bingley, on the Speaker of the House of Commons, warrant, but the upright Judge, in the most peremptory manner, reprimanded him for his audacity, and ordered him to be safely conducted out of his house.

The Judge behaved with that noble, manly spirit which loves the law and reveres the execution; it is not a Shakespear's warrant, or the ebullition of any individual body of men that makes law; the common law is common justice, not to be twisted to serve the turn of every rogue in office.

Poor Bingley was afterwards surrounded by a body of armed soldiery, headed by the Deputy Serjeant, and taken into custody a second time. Mr. Robinson, the High Constable, behaved with the greatest spirit, but in vain, as Bingley was carried off before he could effect his release.

It is now generally admitted that nothing can alleviate the distress the nation labours under, from the refusal of administration to concede the system of protecting our manufactures, but a general non-consumption association: The people of Kilkenny, Clonmel and Corke, have already determined to wear only the manufactures of Ireland until a bill for effectually protecting them passes our Legislature; the whole kingdom it is thought will follow their example, and even our House of Commons, as a small atonement for having rejected the protecting duties, in compliance to the prejudices of an English administration, will, it is hoped, enter into some resolves of this kind. The idea is not new, for on their journals we find precedents of non-consumption agreements.

April 24. Thursday there was a general and most numerous meeting of the aggregate body of this city in the Tholfe.—The Sheriffs presided. After long and most interesting debate it was agreed that a committee should be chosen from the assembly present to prepare resolutions expressive of the sense of that meeting, on the great and momentous questions which so immediately affected the trade, liberties and constitution of the Irish nation.

The committee after 12 hours deliberation, reported to the meeting a petition to His Majesty against the bill "for the better securing the liberty of the press;" also, an address to his Excellency to forward the same. Resolutions of NON IMPORT and NON CONSUMPTION of British manufactures till the great object was obtained that secured to the people of Ireland the protection of their industry.—Resolutions of their determined perseverance in the procuring a more equal and adequate representation of the people, and their readiness to co-operate in every constitutional means with the other parts of the kingdom in that necessary work.

Friday, the Hankey, Captain Cheap, failed with a valuable assorted cargo for Philadelphia, having likewise on board 300 fine fellows, redemptioners, and other passengers, who are thus for ever separated from and lost to this country. America, awake to that good policy which regulates and directs all nations desirous of the improvement and aggrandizement of their people, will undoubtedly hold forth every encouragement to the present spirit of emigration which universally pervades the kingdom, and which there is but too much reason to fear will continue; while we exhibit a supineness, a narrow, imbecile, destructive conduct, as favourable to those views and wishes as the want of humanity, wisdom, or common sense can possibly make them.

The severe frosts which have continued every night for six weeks past, have done more real mischief to vegetation than all the rigour of the past winter. Such fruit blossoms as have appeared are blasted, and all productions for culinary uses were never known so backward.

We hear with pleasure, that the most sensible people in the North of Ireland are convinced, that the measure of Protecting Duties is one of the most beneficial that could possibly be devised for the general good of the kingdom; and a number of truly patriotic gentlemen in the Northern parts have privately associated to watch and prevent any future clandestine importation of manufactures from Great-Britain.

A Privy Council is summoned for this day—it is said the most numerous that has sat for these 20 years, for the purpose of taking into consideration some very extraordinary dispatches received from London by a special messenger, relative to some measures which are to be carried into immediate execution in this kingdom.

Mr. Orde, in his proposed journey of negotiation to London, will, it is said, be accompanied by three Members of our House of Commons, in order to explain the affairs of this kingdom, which Mr. Pitt declares in all companies to be unintelligible, so contradictory are the accounts received from hence.

By a late Caledonian Mercury, we find a number of premiums offered by the Trustees of the Linen-Hall, at Edinburgh, for the manufacture of linens of various degrees of fineness, and for damask linen, muslins, cottons and lawns. They also offer premiums for the best hunters cloth, dressed cloth, Kendal coatings, flannels in imitation of the Welsh kind, felt hats, and designs for diapers. It is true, those premiums are not on so magnificent or extensive a scale as those held out in this kingdom, but, to every one acquainted with that wife frugality which pervades

every measure in Scotland, it must be very obvious how powerfully a little money will operate, to make them indefatigable in the pursuit of a national advantage.—In regard to the lawn, kenting, gauzes, and cambric trade, it is well known they drain this kingdom of thousands yearly, without any attempt on our side (excepting that of the Dundalk Manufactory) to establish similar manufactures of our own.

A stranger cannot be long in Dublin, before he must observe the following inconsistencies.

A nation complaining of poverty, giving 50,000l. to a sham patriot.

A city with 50,000 miserable manufacturers starving, with a play-house and opera-house every night crowded, and the Manager paying 1000 guineas to an English actress for a few nights performance.

A noble large Exchange with very few merchants in it.

An amazingly extensive new Custom-house, built at immense expence, with every ornament of architecture, and the people justly complaining that they have no trade.

Great sums of money granted to pave, light and cleanse the streets; yet the streets dark, dirty, and almost impassable.

The Constituents demanding one thing, and the Representatives doing another.

The times are really hard.—Trade declines.—and tradesmen sinking in their property, but their wives and daughters dressed a-la-mode, and running to balls, plays, assemblies, operas, &c.

The House of Commons censuring the city Magistrates, and the city returning them thanks;

The country thin of inhabitants, yet our government permitting ships to carry them to a foreign country as slaves;

The Legislature protecting foreign manufactures, and neglecting its own;

Englishmen coming over for places and preferments in Ireland, and Irishmen going to reside in England to spend their lives and fortunes there;

Vast sums of money paid for coals from England, and Irish collieries not worked; foreign governors, foreign troops, foreign judges, foreign prelates.

Yesterday, at noon, a meeting of all the Crown Lawyers was held at Justice Robinson's, on the best mode of conducting the prosecution against Mr. Carey, the supposed publisher of the Volunteers Journal, now imprisoned on the Speaker of the House of Commons warrant, in the house of the Deputy Serjeant at Arms, in Lower Abbey-street, where, by somebody's order, he remains, we hear, without fire, bed, or candle.

Oh Irishmen! blush, blush, for the fallen honor of your nation! A prisoner of the state treated with a barbarity unknown even to a Spanish Inquisition—kept without bed or firing—in a chamber of little ease, and for what?—Upon supposition of his being a publisher of a newspaper? Such conduct is a reproach on the Administration of a Rutland, which can never be done away, as well as disgraceful to the feelings of the Irish people.

To heighten the force now carrying on against supposed printers, supposed connections, supposed publishers—the Crown Lawyers ingenuity has been so far exhausted, that even Jack Petulant has given up the soft dalliance of love—forsaken the arms of Mrs. D.—and associated with the sage Justice Bolus, that ornament of Kilmainham bench—that hero of the spatula, and victorious conqueror of pigs, dunghills and gally-pots. The Justice yesterday took into custody Mr. Doyle, of Abbey-street, and Mr. Bingley, of Beresford-street, on a warrant from Justice Robinson. The first was alleged in the warrant had above his door a shew-board, of the "Volunteers Journal published here."—The latter of being aiding and assisting in publishing.—Bolus conveyed his prisoners, not before the Judge, but to the guard-room at the Castle.—After a long detention there they were carried in a coach, attended by soldiers, to the House of Peers, where the Judge was in his place.—After examining them in one of the Lords Chambers, the Judge most politely enquired if they had bail to offer—not being prepared for that—they were committed to the care of the Sheriffs, who lodged them last night in the house of a Sheriff's officer, in High-street. This day they will again be brought before his Lordship, when sufficient bail will be offered and accepted of.

Mr. Carey's resolution and intrepidity has exceedingly puzzled the Gentlemen of the Gown in the service of Government. It is now reported, that finding the ground upon which they stood a little hollow, that, by the advice and concurrence of Mr. Justice Bolus, knight of the Spatula, they have unanimously concurred in the immediate necessity of—*shifting a position*. The old accustomed mode of indicting for a libel is to be abandoned—and the more fashionable, novel, and expedient stile of attack is to be made, not by mining, sapping, &c. but by pointing a *carro-nade*, loaded with *combustion and treason*, at the out-works of poor Carey.

This morning, Mr. Mathew Doyle and Mr. William Bingley, who were yesterday apprehended as supposed publishers of the Volunteers Journal, were brought before Justice Robinson, who without hesitation discharged them upon bail. The Deputy Serjeant at Arms, who was present, then arrested Bingley, on the Speaker of the House of Commons' Warrant, but the upright Judge, in the most peremptory manner, reprimanded him for his audacity, and ordered him to be safely conducted out of his house.

The Judge behaved with that noble, manly spirit, which loves the law and reveres the execution; 'tis not a Speaker's warrant, or the ebullition of any individual body of men, that makes law; the common law is common justice, not to be twisted to serve the turn of every rogue in office.

Poor Bingley was afterwards surrounded by a body of armed soldiery, headed by the Deputy Serjeant, and taken into custody a second time. Mr. Robertson, the High Constable, behaved with the greatest spirit, but in vain, as Bingley was carried off before he could effect his release.

We hear Carey, on Monday, is to rehearse—orator *Mum* before the Commons—he will then be ordered *pro contempt* to Newgate—to prevent bail from that place, it is already settled that the Attorney General shall lodge a detainer against him for—*Treason*.

It is reported there are no less than 62 counts already framed in the indictment—two of which are for *Treason*.

For the DUBLIN EVENING POST.

TO THE PEOPLE.

WHENEVER faction sways and power is exerted, not to support the rights it was created to preserve, but to crush inferior objects, and to oppress the state, the general safety depends alone upon the people's virtue. In such a situation is this devoted kingdom, at this important moment. In vain we boast an independent Legislature; in vain we glory in extended commerce; the sounds are pleasing, but the substance is not found: Our Legislature is independent only of the nation's voice; our commerce free in name, but in reality enslaved.

An English influence prevails amongst us, and Ireland's trade must yield to British gold. In vain the houseless child of want stands shuddering in our streets, sorrow at heart, and famine in his face; in vain the poor artificer implores for work to nourish nature, and to feed his children; in vain humanity, with heaving sigh and trembling tear, beholds her fellow-creatures woe: The cry is—hence ye idlers; hence ye rabble vile; and Irishmen must starve, that Britons may be pampered!

Hibernia, by God and Nature first designed to be the grand emporium of the western world; in climate salubrious, fertile in her soil, and in her situation adapted for a general trade, by England's cruelty oppressed, becomes the land of famine, the Isle of beggars.

The P----- corrupted by a foreign Minister, and servilely obedient to his will, wants both the inclination and the spirit to assert our rights and vindicate our wrongs.—Look not, my

virtuous countrymen, look not to them for succour; their hearts are callous to your sufferings; they feel not your distress. Why then should we cringe to them? The means are in ourselves; we will, we must adopt them. What is this Britain that's to make us slaves? And if she will not smile, why should we fear her frown? To England's tyranny we owe our wants! To Irish virtue let us owe success!

Where lies the difference between those nations? Do we not feel the winter's cold as well as they? And will not hunger pinch us? If we are wounded, will we not bleed? If we are starved, will we not die? And when we are wronged, why should we not complain!

Hear, then, the voice of nature, and be free. Since Protecting Duties are refused us, to encourage England's trade, let us my countrymen, with unanimity, resolve to use none other manufacture than our own, teach the proud tyrant, that we have firmness—and, when our cause is just, we will be heard.

The non-importation agreement formerly entered into, procured for us a Declaration of our Rights—a similar resolution now will obtain for us the power to exert them. Have we been at all unreasonable? Have we practised the same selfish spirit toward England, which she exerted to our ruin? While in that country duties prohibitory are imposed on Irish manufactures, we sought not to exclude her goods, but to protect our own.—We left her market open to the profligate and vain. Fitz----- might be clad in English silk, and F-----'s clothes be all of British cloth. We asked but in part to supply our prudent, virtuous natives, yet even this boon has been refused.

Let us but examine, whether any worthy cause can be assigned for this uncommon partiality; who first deprived us of our woolen trade? 'Twas England. Who slandered first the Irish nation, and enacted laws to exclude us from their country? England. Who destroyed our judicature, and made our nobles cyphers? England. Who robbed our Parliament of power to legislate, and made the dictates of an Attorney General give laws to us? England. Who usurped a power to bind us by their Senate without our own concurrence? England. Who augmented our army in a time of peace, and drew them from us in the hour of danger? England. Who left our coasts unguarded, a prey to hostile privateers? England; the tyrant England, those are her favors—those the blessings she bestows.—Good Heavens! Shall we then leave our country desolate?—Shall we deprive our manufacturers of bread, to further her prosperity? There is something so inconsistent, so absurdly cruel, so timid and disgraceful in the bare idea, that I trust it will inspire us all with just resentment, and point out the necessity of self defence.

Many parishes in the metropolis have already declared their wife determination, not to consume a foreign fabric, but to give encouragement unto their own; some parts of the country have also come into this useful measure. But unless 'tis universal, 'twill be useless, and for this very reason—whatever part of the kingdom admits the importation, will immediately be filled with English goods. These will be sold for infinitely less than first cost, and conveyed in private through the nation.—The retailer encouraged by the length of credit, and the cheapness of the article, will buy it up and sell it to us as the best of Irish manufacture; the evil therefore will increase.—Let me beseech you then, be all unanimous, guard against all importation, buy nothing on which the name of the manufacturer is not marked, and an affidavit produced of their being truly Irish.—Thus, my countrymen, you may preserve a falling kingdom, and by your virtue destroy the force of venal power, and the machination of prostituted knaves.

A NORTHERN DRAPER.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Honorable Thomas M'Kean, Esquire, Doctor of Laws, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania, and of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and of General Goal Delivery, in and for the said State, the Honorable William Augustus Atlee, Esquire, and the Honorable Jacob Rush, Esquire, Justices of the said Court, have issued their precept, bearing date the third day of June instant, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, at the State House, in the city of Philadelphia, for the city and county of Philadelphia, on Thursday, the twenty-fourth day of this instant.

Notice is hereby given, to all Justices of the Peace, the Coroners and Constables within the city and county of Philadelphia, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, and other remembrances, to do those things which to their office in that behalf appertain to be done; and also all they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the goal of the said city or county, are to be then and there, to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Dated at Philadelphia, the 10th day of June, in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four, and in the 8th year of American Independence.

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH!

Wanted to Hire,

A sober MAN-SERVANT, either white or black, to wait on a Gentleman's Family in the City. Enquire of the Printers.

WAS FOUND, in the lumber yard belonging to JONES, CLARK and CRESSON, a NOTE of HAND, signed by Robert Morris, in favor of John Pierce or Bearer, for a certain number of Dollars. Whoever has lost said note, on proving their property, and paying the charge of this advertisement, may have it, by applying to said Company.

MYER, HART & SMITH,

Are opening for SALE, at their COMMISSION-STORE, in Third, between Arch and Market-streets, nearly opposite the Bunch of Grapes.—The following ARTICLES, which they will dispose of on the lowest terms for cash, final settlement notes, or public securities of any kind,

IRISH LINENS,

Cambricks and lawns, Warrendorps, Padisbourn, Yard wide & yd 3-8ths checks, India lutestrings, Taffeties, India and other chintzes, Calicoes, Durants, Callimancoes, Printed linen and cotton handkerchiefs, Gauze ditto, Thread and cotton mens and womens hose,

Philadelphia, June 12, 1784.

A variety of figured ribbands, 8d. double and other hair ditto, Broad and narrow bindings, Pins, by the packet, Dressed buckskins, Buckskin breeches, An assortment of knives and forks, Cutteau and other knives, Scissars, Plated shoe and knee-buckles, French wine in bottles, Jamaica Spirits, Muscovado sugar, Long Dutch pipes, Gunpowder, &c. &c.

WAS stolen out of the house of the subscriber, living in Warwick township, Bucks county, A Number of CALF-SKINS, among them were several very large black wax ditto. Any person or persons apprehending said thief or thieves, so that they may be brought to justice, and duly convicted thereof, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward, and Five Shillings a piece for the skins. It is likely that they have been sold before now, as it is some time since they were a missing, or at least will be offered for sale.

June 9, 1784.

HUGH RAMSEY.

B O S T O N, May 31.

On Tuesday last arrived here the ship United States, James Scott, Esq; commander, in 37 days from Falmouth, in whom came passenger, Mrs. Hayley.

This ship was the Delaware frigate, captured by the British in the course of the war, and purchased by Mrs. Hayley, in order to make her passage to this country as safe and agreeable as possible. Her extensive mercantile connections, and an ardent desire to see America, for which she has ever had the partiality of a native, were, as we are informed, the chief motives of this visit. This very respectable lady is the widow of George Hayley, Esq; who was Merchant, Alderman, and a Member of Parliament for the city of London. She is the sister of John Wilkes, Esq; and is also remarkable for the fine understanding, and warm attachment to the liberties of this country, for which that gentleman has been so long and justly celebrated. We are happy to inform the public, that she proposes to stay some time in America, and has already taken a house in this town, which we flatter ourselves will be the chief place of her residence.

CHARLESTON (South-Carolina) June 3.

The following Proclamation, issued by Governor Maxwell, of New-
Providence, and dated the 18th of last month, is just received, viz.

"WHEREAS I have thought proper to admit certain American vessels into this port, and have granted them permission to dispose of their provisions for the benefit of the inhabitants of these islands: And whereas, to my great concern and astonishment, I find their flag has been twice insulted, contrary to the peace of our Lord the King, and in open violation of all public order and decorum: In order to put a stop to such riotous proceedings for the future, and, as much as possible, prevent any misunderstanding which may arise thereon: I do, by and with the advice of his Majesty's Council, issue this my proclamation, hereby making known my entire disapprobation of such unjustifiable conduct, and strictly commanding and enjoining all his Majesty's legal subjects to refrain from such dishonorable and illegal practices, as they shall answer the contrary at their peril."

PHILADELPHIA, June 16.

The Hon. Mr. Hardy, member for Virginia, is chosen Chairman of the Committee of the States.

Wednesday last the brig William, Capt. Hammond, arrived at Baltimore, in five weeks from Newry, with 130 servants and redemptioners on board.

The brig Matty, Capt. Craig, is arrived at New-York from Dublin, after a passage of 55 days.

We are happy to inform the public, that the chevaux-de-frize, which have long obstructed the navigation of the Delaware, will shortly be removed. The ingenious mechanic Mr. Arthur Donaldson, having undertaken the Herculean task, and prepared his vast apparatus, on Thursday last succeeded in his very first attempt, and brought up one of the largest of them, that was sunk in the deepest water.

Extract of a letter from Richmond (Virginia) dated May 29.

"Our Assembly occupied themselves three days in debating whether they should lay an embargo on Indian corn; it was at last carried.---But, begging their wisdom's pardon, it was three days work for nothing, corn being four times higher here than in the West-Indies, or to the northward."

"A resolution has passed the Assembly, that it would be for the general good, and that of trade, that ships arriving from Europe should be restricted to the ports of Norfolk, Alexandria, York, and a port on the Rappahannock, and prevented coming up our rivers to unload and load. The view of the state in this arrangement is, that in time it will cause capital merchants to settle in those towns, who, by drawing a great trade thither, will be the means of erecting large and flourishing cities, which will give life to the whole commonwealth, by making fure markets for all its commodities; and be a nursery for seamen, who will necessarily be employed in coasting up and down the different rivers and bays."

Extract of a letter from London, dated April 17.

"The great event of the confirmation of peace took place at Constantinople about the beginning of January. By this treaty the Empress of Russia has finally got possession of the valuable peninsula of the Crimea, without a drop of blood being shed, which herself and her predecessors have made so many ineffectual efforts to add to that extensive empire. The Emperor, not being a principal in the late misunderstanding, but only an assistant to Russia in case of hostilities, has acquired no new addition of territory, but has got the limits and boundaries of both empires more clearly and distinctly settled than formerly. This circumstance has given rise to a very false report, that Russia and the Porte have outwitted the Emperor in the late negotiation. It may be naturally asked, whether this late acquisition by the Russians is in consequence of the ambitious views and policy of that government? Politicians who form systems, and who ascribe every revolution to some cause that is adequate to the event, will answer in the affirmative. But the fact happens to be otherwise. Russia, till very lately, had no views, no idea of getting possession of this peninsula. The whole originated in Solim Gheroa, the Chan himself, who, naturally of a feeble mind, and debilitated by disease, was terrified into a renunciation of his dominions, by the idea of a rival secretly supported by the Porte. It is a fact, that the Russian Resident in the Crimea did every thing in his power to persuade the Chan from his purpose of resignation. The consequences of this revolution time alone can discover, though at present it affords a great field for political speculation. Russia being now entitled freely to navigate the Black Sea, and possessed of a considerable territory on the banks of it, so nobly provided for with the materials of ship-building, and with ports for the security of navigation, may create a navy suited to her ambition and abilities. She can pour forth fleets from the south and from the north, encircle Europe, and lay in her claim for a share of the empire of the ocean. In point of commerce, what may not be expected? The immense production of provinces which are watered by those great rivers that terminate in the Black Sea, as yet but little known, will all be laid open to the merchant, who will meet with every alurement and encouragement from the Imperial Court, already well convinced that the power and greatness of every government must really and permanently depend on the united labour, industry and commerce of individuals. The proposed canal for opening a communication between the Don and the Volga, a distance only of twenty miles, will soon be put in execution. By this means Great-Britain may have another opportunity of re-establishing her Caspian trade, which was formerly attempted, and which promised much, but which, from certain obstacles, together with unfortunate accidents, was obliged to be relinquished. Renewed by this channel, the former obstacles exist no more, and a repetition of the former temporary misfortunes cannot be expected. The principal object of this commerce is, the introduction of British commodities into the northern parts of Persia, and to receive in return from those provinces, a part of the rich raw silks which they produce, and which are so essentially necessary to some of the most considerable manufacturers of this country. A circumstance greatly in favor of this idea is, the treaty which has been made this very year between Russia and the Court of Persia. By it all former articles are strictly renewed; and besides, the Russians have obtained liberty to construct several forts for the protection of their navigation on the Caspian Sea."

Several Gentlemen, lately from Germany, present their Compliments to the Reverend Mr. KUNTZE, Minister of the Lutheran Church in the city of Philadelphia, and would be obliged to him, if he would please to get the Sermon printed which he delivered last Sunday, the 13th instant, that they might have the pleasure of sending it to Germany.

The following petition to the Council of Censors is now signing by a number of the citizens of Philadelphia. Petitions of a similar nature are hereby recommended to all those citizens, in every part of the State, who wish for those alterations in the constitution, which all parties now think necessary, and which cannot fail, when obtained, of rendering the people of Pennsylvania once more an united, and a great and happy family.

To the Honorable the COUNCIL of CENSORS.

The PETITION of sundry Citizens of Philadelphia and its Liberties,

Respectfully sheweth,

THAT your petitioners have seen with great pleasure the arrival of a time for the revision of the constitution of Pennsylvania---that they conceive the said constitution, from seven years experience, to be materially defective---that they deplore, above all things, the present unhappy divisions which subsist in the State, upon the subject of the constitution, and that while so many circumstances are known and felt, with respect to the time and manner in which the constitution was formed, executed and continued, they despair of seeing the citizens of Pennsylvania united, without an appeal to an equal representation of the State in a Convention.

It is not the business of your petitioners to point out ALL the defects in the constitution, in which it differs from all the constitutions of our sister States, but they cannot help taking notice of the following as essential:

1st. They conceive the government of the State by a single legislature to be tyrannical. They have beheld with great pain breaches made in the constitution by different Assemblies. Perhaps the peculiar nature of the constitution made these breaches necessary for the government of the State; but your petitioners submit it to the wisdom of your House, whether a people can be long free, where the constitution is not the fixed law of the land; and whether a constitution would not be guarded with more fidelity, if the legislative power of the State were divided between two branches, who might mutually restrain and inform each other.

2d. They consider the Supreme Executive Council as unwieldy and oppressive in its present form, and, from the natural increase of counties in the State, they look forward to its becoming in a little while still more expensive and oppressive.

3d. They consider the dependence of the Judges upon the Assembly and Executive Council, as a defect of a dangerous nature in the constitution.

4th. They consider the Council of Censors as an useless, expensive and tyrannical appendage to the government of the State. They complain, in a particular manner, of their confining of an unequal representation of the people; and as such they contradict and violate the 17th section of the constitution, which expressly says, that "Representation in proportion to the number of taxable inhabitants is the only principle which can at all times secure liberty, and make the voice of the majority of the people the law of the land."

5th. They feel in a peculiar manner the expences of the present constitution, which are much greater than the expences of the constitutions of the most populous and wealthy of our sister States, and above three times more expensive than the former government of Pennsylvania, under the dominion of Proprietaries and Kings.

Your petitioners therefore pray, that your Honorable House would please to take the subjects of their petition into their most serious consideration, and restore union, freedom and happiness to the state, by calling a convention, for the purpose of altering and amending the constitution. Should your petitioners be so unfortunate as to fail of success in their application to your Hon. House, they beg that their petition may be recorded in the proceedings of your body, in order to acquit themselves to the world and to posterity, of having concurred in perpetuating the present constitution.

Messieurs HALL and SELLERS,

Please to give the inclosed extract from a Georgia paper a place in yours. While we admire the moderation with which the citizens of Georgia speak and write upon the subject of their constitution, we cannot help lamenting that the heats of our Censors will probably deprive us for the present of a Convention.---This is the more to be lamented, as all parties out of doors say that the constitution is faulty---and agree in the principal articles which require amendment.

In C O U R T, March, 1784.

Gentlemen of the Grand Jury,

SINCE I had the pleasure of meeting you at October Term last, the Definitive Treaty of Peace has arrived, and been ratified by the United States in Congress assembled: By this treaty we are not only relieved from the horrors and fatigues of war, but are put in the entire possession of a complete sovereignty and independence. It has also left us at leisure to examine and pursue the modes of policy best calculated for our happiness.

Much conversation and some discontents have for several years past taken place upon a supposed infirmity in the Constitution of our state. Should any errors in it be perceived by you, and you should think it proper to point them out to your fellow-citizens, it should be done with great good temper; even opposite opinions should be a sufficient reason for declining any such enquiry at present. Nothing should be agitated, that could in the smallest degree put us in an ill humour with each other. We should recollect that our passions have been kept in a state of high fermentation, during eight or nine years past, by means of the cruel and malignant spirit, with which the war against us was conducted: Nor should we forget that the rights which we are now about to exercise, of executing the laws made by ourselves, was acquired by our citizens with their blood: Hence the immense cost of the prize should also be remembered; and the milder passions should now influence all our proceedings.

If, therefore, a revival of our Constitution should now or at any time be thought necessary, it should result from the calmest reflection, and the most moderate and candid discussion.

G E O R G I A.

The PRESENTMENTS of the Grand Jury for the county of Chatham.

WE the Grand Jury for the county aforesaid, on our oaths present:

We present, as a very great grievance, the too large representation of this county, and the state in general, in the House of Assembly, the expence of which becomes too burthensome for the circumstances of the inhabitants thereof; and we earnestly recommend the revival of the Constitution of this state; as the only mode for removing this and other exceptionable articles therein.

A Meeting of the Friends of the Constitution will be held at Mr. Gartley's School-house, near Christ-Church, in Second-street, to-morrow evening, the 17th inst. at 7 o'clock; when those who wish to prevent a change in the fundamentals of our excellent government, are desired to attend.

N. B. All persons who are possessed of any copies of the Remonstrance against the attempts of a late Majority of the Council of Censors, are requested to bring them to the meeting.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Hatfield township, Philadelphia county, on Saturday, the 29th instant, two stray milch COWS, the one a black, with some white; the other red, with some white, both of a middling size, full in flesh. The owner or owners are desired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

May 31, 1784.

MICHAEL MOYER.

Southwark Vendue Store.

THE Auctioneer for SOUTHWARK,

being of opinion that it will be more conducive to the interest of his employers; also more correspondent to the wishes, and better suit the convenience of purchasers, to hold his days of sale in future on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, in every week, requests the public to take notice, that he will not hold any sale on Saturday next, at his Auction Store, but that on

THURSDAY and MONDAY next,

Will be sold there, a variety of MERCHANDIZE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, WEARING APPAREL, &c. &c. The sales to commence on each day at half past 9 o'clock, for Goods out of doors, and be immediately succeeded by sales of those within.

Monday, June 14. 1784.

JOHN MEASE, Auctioneer.

Philadelphia, June 8, 1784.

WHEREAS by a precept from under the hand and seal of the Hon. Frederick Augustus Muhlenberg, Esq; President of the Council of Censors for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for holding an Election for the choosing one Representative in the Council of Censors for the city of Philadelphia, in the room of Samuel Miles, Esq; who hath resigned.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Election will be held at the State-house, in this city, on Friday, the 18th day of June instant; where all the Freemen of the said city of Philadelphia, entitled to vote for Members of Assembly, are to appear and elect, in the manner prescribed by law, and the plan or frame of government, a person to serve as Censor in the room of the aforesaid Samuel Miles.

THOMAS PROCTER, Sheriff.

N. B. The Judges and Inspectors, who acted as such at the election last October, are hereby requested to attend at said time, as also the Constables for the city.

Sharp Delany, Druggist,

At BOERHAAVE'S HEAD, in Second-street, and next door to the City-Tavern, has for sale, at the most reasonable rates,

A General assortment of DRUGS, chymical and galenic, SURGEONS INSTRUMENTS and PATENT MEDICINES, just imported, and warranted genuine.

Among which are,

CAMPBIRE,	Jesuits Bark,
Cantharides,	Jalap,
Glauber Salts,	Manna,
Saffron,	Opium,
Cream of Tartar,	Rhubarb, &c. &c. &c.

INSTRUMENTS, on the latest and most improved Plans.

Amputating,---the saws with silver backs,

Trepanning,---with circular saws &c.

Midwifery,---improved by Doctors Lowder, Orme, &c.

Pocket,---in pouches and cases,

Teeth,---for drawing, scaling and cleaning,

Dissecting knives in cases, elastic and common catheters, elastic steel trusses, elastic gum syringes of various sizes, Mudge's inhaler splints for legs and thighs, needles, lancets, trocars, &c.

PATENT MEDICINES.

Anderson's pills,	British oil,
Hooper's ditto,	Bateman's drops,
Duffy's elixir,	Turlington's balsam,
Gedrey's cordial,	James's powders, &c.

BARGE and NELSON,

TAKE this opportunity of informing the public in general, and their friends in particular, that they have just procured some genuine PLASTER OF PARIS, for Manure, &c. which is now ready for sale, at their store, near the corner of Fifth and Market-streets, opposite the Bear tavern, by the bushel or larger quantity; or at Schuylkill-mill, a little above George Gray, Esquire's ferry, by an order from them, or Mr. David Jones, near the five mile stone, on the Conestogoe road.

They have also for sale at said store, old Jamaica Spirits, West-India and New-England Rum, Brandy, Champaign, Burgundy, Muscadella, Red and White Port, Teneriffe and Lisbon Wines, Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Salt, and a variety of other articles, wholesale and retail. ¶ 3 m. June 15, 1784.

Just opening for Sale, either wholesale or retail, by

HUGH FERGUSON, jun. & Co.

At their store, near the corner of Chestnut and Third-streets, the store formerly occupied by Samuel Hudson,

A fresh and well chosen ASSORTMENT of

European and East India GOODS,

Suitable to the present Season.

[Particulars of which will be in our next.]

French Gazette.

BOINOD and GAILLARD, Bookellers, at the solicitation of their Friends, to publish a NEWSPAPER in the FRENCH LANGUAGE, inform the PUBLIC, that they have digested a reasonable Plan of Publication, which they are distributing gratis, from their Library in Arch-street, the corner of Fourth-street.

Gentlemen inclined to favor such a design, are requested to address a few lines to the Editors as above, or to Mr. Robert Aitken, Printer and Bookseller, near the Coffee-House, or to Mr. Charles Cist, Printer, in Second-street.

Price to subscribers ONE GUINEA per annum, one half whereof to be paid at the time of subscribing.

Philadelphia, June 7, 1784.

THREE GUINEAS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, an Irish servant man, named SIMON YOUNG, by trade a cabinet maker, has lately been employed (by his master) in the house carpenters business; he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, well set, dark hair, slow spoken, down look, and has a scar on his forehead; had on a blueish mixed cloth coat and waistcoat, with yellow metal buttons, fustian breeches, white cotton stockings, new shoes, with large plated buckles, a castor hat, edged with velvet; took with him sundry shirts, also a hand-saw nearly new, marked with his master's brand R. Evans; it is supposed he is in company with a certain John M'Mahan, a taylor by trade, whose coat is of fustian, waistcoat and breeches are spotted velvet. Whoever takes up said runaway, and secures him in any goal, so that he may be had again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

ROBERT EVANS.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others, are forbid to harbour him at their peril.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED away, out of the inclosure of the subscriber, on the evening of the 24th of May last, a brown HORSE, 14 hands high, has a star in his forehead, one of his hind feet white, canter, trots and paces, about 9 years old. A black MARE and black COLT, the latter four weeks old, the former six years old, about 14 hands and an half high, a natural pacer. Any person or persons securing, and bringing them to the subscriber, living in Warminster township, Bucks county, or to John Barnes, in Whitpain township, Philadelphia county, shall be entitled to the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

June 11, 1784.

WILLIAM BARNES.

A Book, necessary for all Families.

Just published, and now selling by JOSEPH CRUKSHANK, in Market-street, ROBERT BELL, in Third-street, JAMES MUIR, Bookbinder, Philadelphia; also by ROBERT HODGE, in New-York, and by all the Bookellers in America.

BUCHAN'S Family Physician, or DOMESTIC MEDICINE;

BEING a treatise on the prevention and cure of diseases, by regimen and simple medicines; with a Dispensatory and complete Index, for the use of families.

N. B. This new edition contains great additions and improvements, by its original author, the celebrated Dr. BUCHAN, therefore the utility, necessity and advantage of possessing this extraordinary treasure of health, must be very evident to all who are willing to be their own or their family physician, at the moderate price of Two Dollars. T bctf

Considerable allowance to those who buy dozens.

TO BE SOLD,

THAT valuable PLANTATION, situate upon Oldman's creek, about three miles from the river Delaware, in Salem county, West-New-Jersey; the property of the deceased Mr. George Somervell, consisting of 155 acres, 50 of which are good meadow. This plantation is excellently situated for attending the Philadelphia market, Mr. Somervell's house being only 24 miles distant from it, and to which it has the advantage of water carriage by the creek, shallops and other craft passing the door almost daily for that city. There is a very good dwelling-house, with barn, stable, &c. also a good orchard, and a never-failing spring of excellent water near the door.

A L S O,

Fifty acres of Woodland, near to Beaver creek, about a mile from the main plantation.

A L S O,

Nine acres of valuable Meadow, situated near the mouth of Oldman's creek, adjoining to Aquila Jones's plantation.

A N D A L S O,

Seven and a half acres of Land, near Oldman's creek bridge: This is a good situation for public business, and was purchased for building on.

Any person or persons inclining to purchase the above, or any part thereof, will be informed of particulars, by applying to Mr. JOHN LOCKHART, Merchant, in Second-street, nearly opposite Christ-Church, Philadelphia. May 25. \$4 w

TEN DOLLARS Reward,

STOLEN, in the night of the 25th of April, from the subscriber, living in West-Nantmill township, Chester county, the following articles, viz. a light coloured cloth Coat, with green speckled horn buttons, three Waistcoats, one Nankeen, another black, and the other printed Linen, four Shirts, two of them ruffled, marked I C, five Holland Stocks, marked as the Shirts, three pair of Thread Stockings, a pair of Shoes and a pair of Pumps, a pair of plated Buckles, marked with the subscriber's name in full, and two pair of Drawers, one of Nankeen, the other Linen. The above things were stolen by a certain WILLIAM FARRINGTON, born in Ireland, about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high; has short black hair, a scar on his right cheek, one of the fingers of his right hand shot off, and has a pale signed by Zebulon Potts, Esquire. Whoever apprehends the Thief, and secures him in any goal, so that he may be brought to justice, and the owner get his things again, shall have the above reward, or in proportion for any part of them, paid by JOHN CRAWFORD.

SUPPOSED to be stolen from the plantation whereon the subscriber now dwells, in New-Garden township, Chester county, on the night of the 20th of the 11th Month last, a dark bay HORSE, apprehended to be about 14 hands high, 4 years old next spring, long bodied, a long mane and tail when taken, his mane apt to hang to both sides, both paces and trots, and often changes his gates when rode, much given to stumble when tired, occasioned by a hurt he had in one of his fore legs, which has left a lump inside, and has a small wart on the point of one ear. Whoever secures said horse and thief shall have THREE POUNDS Reward, and reasonable charges, or THIRTY SHILLINGS for the horse alone, paid by JACOB LINDLEY.

Philadelphia, May 22, 1784.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY the 16th infant, from the Subscriber, an indentured Servant Man, Named JOHN NEILL, born in the North of Ireland, and arrived in the Brigantine Convention, Captain Workman, from Dublin; about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high; had on when he went away, a light blue Cloth Coat, and Waistcoat, a striped pair of trousers and blue yarn stockings, fair complexion, a little pitted with the small pox, short brown hair; supposed to have gone towards Cumberland county: He may pass as a Pedlar, as he carried with him some knives, shoe-buckles and sleeve buttons; he had a large lump on his right wrist. Whoever secures said run away, so that the subscriber gets him again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ROBERT GREAVES, at Moses BAYAN'S, in Walnut-street.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

RUN away on Saturday night, the 15th instant (May) from the subscriber, living in the town of New-Castle, a Negro man, named N A T. He is very black, remarkably short in stature, 25 years of age, but looks older, broad shouldered, strong made, has lost two of his under fore teeth, speaks fast and lisps. He had on a small old hat, cut round, a white country cloth jacket, new tow linen shirt and trousers, and good shoes. He was seen on Sunday, the 16th, on the road to Philadelphia, where it is supposed he is lurking. Any person securing said Negro, so that his master may get him again, shall be entitled to the above reward, paid by JOHN WETHERED.

May 20, 1784. \$ JOHN WETHERED.

To be SOLD cheap for CASH,

A TRACT of LAND, situate on the east side of the north-east branch of Siquahanna river, in the county of Northumberland, adjoining land surveyed to George Ballard, and containing 333 acres and the usual allowance for roads.

Also one undivided moiety or half part of one other tract of LAND, near to or adjoining the above mentioned tract, and containing 321 and an half acres, and allowances aforesaid. These two tracts have been duly surveyed, returned and patented, previous to the month of April, 1775. The soil is good, several fine springs are on the same, and water sufficient for a mill or mills; the situation being not above nine miles from the town of Sunbury. For terms apply to RICHARD WHITEHEAD, Scrivener, at his Office on the east side of Front-street, between Vine and Callowhill-streets, who has several Lots in the city and liberties of Philadelphia to SELL, or LETT on Ground-Rent for ever.

A fresh importation of choice GARDEN SEEDS,

BY a person lately arrived here from London, who, from a thorough knowledge of the gardening business, hopes to establish himself in or near this city, as a seedman, nurseryman and florist; now offers this assortment as a sample on very low terms; in the collection there are true early and best late colli-flowers, most of the approved broccolis, red cabbage, with a variety of other choice kinds from the earliest heads, and in due succession to the latest favours, winter greens, &c. peas and beans of every curious valuable kind, true early London short topped best salmon, and real turnip rooted raddishes, leucites in variety, onions, leeks, beets, parsnips and carrots, with most other approved kitchen garden seeds, a variety of sweet herbs, and a curious collection of best flower seeds in small lots or assortments.

The above are now selling by Mr. WILLIAM WOODHOUSE, bookfeller and stationer in Front-street, next door to the Coffee-house, and at lower rates than the common seeds sell in the market. Philadelphia, May 19, 1784. †

Land-Office, May 21, 1784.

WHEREAS by a law of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, passed the 9th April, 1781, entitled "An Act for establishing a Land-Office, &c." it was enacted, That in cases where any office right had issued before the 10th December, 1776, the owner or owners should make payment for the lands at the times and in manner said act directs: And in the 4th section of another law, passed April 5, 1782, entitled "An Act to vest certain powers in the President of this State, together with the other officers therein named, and for other purposes therein mentioned," setting forth that the times of payment appointed in the said first mentioned act were found much too short for the purposes aforesaid, it was enacted that the said respective times should be enlarged for the space of two years: And whereas the said term of two years to which the payment was extended as aforesaid is now expired, we do therefore require all persons in arrears to make their payments agreeable to the laws aforesaid. And whereas, by one other act of Assembly, passed the 1st of April last, entitled "An Act for opening the Land-Office, for granting and disposing of the unappropriated lands within this State," it is enacted, that the Land-Office should be opened for the lands already purchased from the Indians on the first day of July next, at the rate of Ten Pounds per hundred acres: And by the 2d. section of the last mentioned act, it is required that every applicant for land shall produce to the Secretary of the Land-Office a particular description of the land applied for, with a certificate from two Justices of the Peace of the proper county, specifying whether the said lands be improved or not, and if improved, how long since the improvement was made, that interest might be charged accordingly. And whereas, by the same last mentioned act, the Receiver General of the Land-Office is authorized and required to receive in payment for all lands sold and granted in pursuance of that act, certificates of depreciation granted to the officers and soldiers of the late Pennsylvania line, certificates for money loaned to the United States by the citizens of this State, or granted in the name of or for the use of such citizens, and all certificates for commutation and for arrearages of pay, and the certificates of the Commissaries, Quarter-Masters and Forage-Masters; also certificates for debts due to the citizens of this State from the United States, or from the State, when liquidated by the proper officer of the continent, or of this State respectively, with all the interest due on the same at the day of payment: All such certificates which remain unliquidated to be reduced to specie value, agreeably to the continental scale of depreciation, by the Commissioner of Loans, or some continental officer, or an officer to be for that purpose appointed, before offered in payment at the Receiver-General's Office.

We do hereby give NOTICE, that the Land-Office will be opened at ten o'clock, on the first day of July next, for the granting land agreeable to the said last recited law: Therefore, all persons intending to apply, are desired to have the certificates from the Justices as above mentioned duly prepared: And all persons designing to pay any kind of the above enumerated certificates, are desired to have such of them as require liquidation reduced to specie value, and legally authenticated by the proper officers, conformably to the same law.

JOHN LUKENS, Surveyor-General,
DAVID KENNEDY, Sec'y Land-Office,
FRANCIS JOHNSTON, Receiver-General.

Cecil county, Maryland, May 15, 1784.

STOLEN out of the pasture of William Little, of the said county, on the night of Friday, the 7th instant, a HORSE and MARE, viz. The Horse a black, 4 years old this spring, lately dock'd, one of his hind feet grey to the footlock, neither brand nor ear-mark: The Mare, a dark bay, 9 years old this spring, shod before and her feet turns in very much, neither brand nor ear-mark, they are both natural pacers. There is great reason to believe that a certain Grizzle Mearns (alias) Little, who has been harboured in this county above a year past, was accessory to the theft, as the with a certain Patrick Hara attempted the same a few weeks ago. The said Grizzle is a middle sized woman, or rather taller than common, about 40 years of age, large eyes and a remarkable talker, she is well known in many parts of Pennsylvania and Virginia, particularly Lancaster and Chester counties. Whoever takes up and secures the said thief and horses, so that the thief may be brought to justice and the owner get his horses, shall receive TEN POUNDS, or for the horses only SIX POUNDS, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN LITTLE.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing about 200 acres of good LAND, situate in the township of Willisfown, and county of Chester, 20 miles from Philadelphia, and 12 from Chester, in a very healthy and pleasant part of the country, convenient to several places of worship, mills, &c. There are on the premises a new stone dwelling-house, two stories high, two rooms on a floor, a large stone kitchen adjoining it, both of which have good cellars under them, a never failing well of excellent water near the door, also a good spring of water, with a stone house over it, a good frame barn and stables, and apple orchard, consisting of various kinds of fruit. There are about 60 acres cleared, 10 of which are meadow, well watered by a constant stream, and as much more may be made at a small expense; the wood land is extraordinary well timbered; the whole in good repair, and the title indisputable.

JOSEPH HIBBARD.

CAME to the Plantation of the subscriber, living in Solebury township, Bucks county, some time this spring, a young brown stone COLT, about 4 years old, bald face and four white feet. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take him away. † JOHN ELY.

WAS taken up trespassing, in a Lot near the Globe Mill, a small bay MARE, and a black Horse COLT, two years old this spring, with a white face and grey tail. Whoever has lost the same, may have them again by applying at Hare and Twall's Brew-house, adjoining the New-Market, in the Northern Liberties. If not taken away, they will be sold according to law, to pay damages and charges. †

LATELY PUBLISHED,

A DISCOURSE on the COVENANTS;

IN which is shown; that there never was a Covenant of Works made with Adam; nor any Covenant ever made with man respecting things purely of a spiritual nature. There are a few copies of this Discourse yet on hand, and may be had of the PRINTERS hereof. Philad. April 26, 1784.

Just imported in the ship Astrea, Cat. Pinkham, from London,

By Lamb and Checkley,

And now opening at their STORE, on the north side of ARCH-STREET, half way between Front and Second-streets,

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

European and India GOODS,

Suitable to the present and approaching Season, Which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms for CASH or SHORT CREDIT.

N. B. The Honorable the Financier's Notes, or any good Paper Securities, Tobacco, Flour, Barr-Iron, &c. will be taken in payment. t b c t f. May 20, 1784.

Just imported in the last vessels from France and England, and to be SOLD by

DONNALDSON & COKE,

At their STORE in Walnut-street, between Front and Second-streets,---A general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

suitable to the Season. Philad. May 7. t b c t f

Just imported in the Astrea, Mildred and Olive Branch, from London; the America, and other late vessels from Bristol, and now opening for sale, by

John & James Oldden,

In Second-street, eight doors below Market-street.

LARGE elegant Oval Looking-Glasses, Wilton Carpets of various sizes, Complete assortment of Hosiery, Hair and red Leather Trunks in Nefts, Cambricks, Lawns, Taffetas and red-Flannels, Hyfon and Souchong Tea in Chests, and Pepper in Bales, Durants, Callimancoes and Moreens, Red Lead in small Casks, 10d. Nails, with a large variety of other articles too tedious to enumerate.

I M P O R T E D

In the Sally, Captain Dodgson, and the Active, Captain Powell, from Liverpool,

And now opening for SALE,

On the reasonable Terms for Cash or a short Credit, by

JOHN SHIELDS,

At his STORE, in Second-street, opposite the City Tavern,---A handsome Assortment of

Manchester and other GOODS,

Among which are,---

FINE coloured Nankeen and white Threads, from No. 8 to 44; a complete Assortment of Bobbins and Tapes, from No. 3 to 145; Cloth coloured, black, blue, pink, crimson, red, white and yellow, narrow and broad Bindings; striped Tickings and Bed-bunts; 10 and 11 Qrs. Cotton Counterpanes of elegant Patterns; 10 and 11 Nails Checks and Stripes; 3-4ths, 7-8ths and Yard-wide Linen and Cotton Checks, in Half Pieces; Yard, 3 8ths Linen and Cotton Checks, in Half Pieces; Linen and Cotton Hollands, in Half Pieces; A Variety of Check and other Handkerchiefs, by the Dozen; Dimities, Drawboys and Mar-felless Quiltings; Corduroys, Corduets, Queen's and King's Cords, dyed and plain, in Half Pieces; black Raven Greys and Cloth coloured Sewing Silks, in Quarters; Scarffe Twill, of the first Quality and of all Colours, in two ounces; three Cord white Sticking Silk, in Half Pounds, suitable for Glove, Breeches and Stay-makers; two hundred Bags of Basket and flat Death-head Buttons; blue, light and dark Drab, Olive, Buff, white and silvered Hair Plumes, suitable for Breeches and Saddles, &c. &c.

P. S. The said Shields, having a large and well situated Store, purposes to take in Goods for Sale on a low Commission, and hopes, from his long Residence and general Knowledge of the Trade, as well in the City as the Country, to give Satisfaction. He has now to LETT, a Place seven Miles from Town, well adapted for a Country Seat, and two genteel Houses, in the best Neighbourhoods in this City. Philad. May 19.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Cecil county, near Elk Forge, on the 18th inst. Two Servant Men, one named RICHARD MARTIN, but sometimes calls himself M'LAGHLAN, a shoemaker by trade, works well, particularly at stuff, about 21 years of age, and about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, well made, full faced, brown hair untied, a little inclined to curl, has something of a lisp in his speech, is apt to get drunk. Had on when he went away, a round wool hat, a dark grey coating coat broken in the elbows, brown cloth jacket clouded with white, and mended on each side with white cloth, coarse linen drawers, ribbed stockings, but his dress is uncertain, as he is apt to swap his cloaths. It is supposed that he stole a yellowish coloured coat, with white metal buttons, a feather velvet jacket, black velvet breeches, three pair of worsted stockings, all ribbed, coloured brown, blue and grey, one pair of ribbed thread, and two holland shirts; which cloaths, it is probable, he may wear or attempt to sell. He was seen passing through Germantown on Thursday last.

The other named WILLIAM CONNOR, a taylor by trade, about 23 years of age, and about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, brown hair sometimes tied, speaks so fast that he can scarce be understood, and is quite deaf, inclined to strong drink. Had on when he went away, a round wool hat bound with silk, a yellow coloured coat broken under the arms, white ticking jacket, check trousers, and black ribbed stockings. Whoever takes up said servants, and secures them in any goal, so that their master may have them, shall have the above reward, or FOUR DOLLARS for any one of them, and all reasonable charges, paid by May 23, 1784. † ANDREW COCHRAN.

Philadelphia, May 24, 1784.

A S C H O O L,

For teaching the ENGLISH, LATIN and GREEK LANGUAGES, with WRITING and ARITHMETIC,

IS now ready to be opened at Mrs. MARSHALL'S, the South-west corner of Spruce and Third-streets, where the strictest attention will be given to instruct YOUTH, accurately, in those necessary and useful Branches of EDUCATION;

Those who are desirous of further information, on directing a Line to the Subscriber, for that purpose, with their Address, will be waited upon by their most humble servant.

‡ 6 w.

JOHN GRAHAM.

AT a Court of Common Pleas held at Newtown, in and for the county of Bucks, at March Term last, we, the subscribers, were appointed to adjust and settle the Accounts of the Creditors of BENJAMIN HAMBLETON, who is absconded, and his effects attached for the benefit of said creditors, who are requested to attend at the house of AMOS DILWORTH, in Warminster township, on the 29th day of this instant, at ten o'clock in the morning, in order that their dividends may be ascertained by

DANIEL LONGSTRETH,
ISAAC HOUGH,
ROBERT COMLY.

June 5, 1784.

To be SOLD, or LET,

TWENTY acres of improved LAND, about four miles from the city, lying on a lane leading from the Wissahickon road to a public landing on Schuylkill, of which it has a privilege: There are on the premises, a good two story brick HOUSE, a pump, a convenient barn and stables, an excellent orchard of near 200 trees, chiefly grafted, a variety of early and other cherry-trees, pears, raspberries and other fruit, all in their prime, a good garden, with a large quantity of asparagus beds, and the whole in good order. For terms, apply to

JOHN BISSELL, in Third-street.

EMANUEL WALKER and Co.

Have just imported in the last ships from London, Bristol and Liverpool, a large and general assortment of European GOODS, which they will dispose of on very moderate terms, by the piece or package, at their store in Front-street, two doors above the City-venue; among which are,

FUSTIANS, jeans and jeanets, corduroys and cotton checks, yard wide and 7-8ths Irish linen, low priced; printed linens and cottons, English chintzes, copperplate furniture, printed linen handkerchiefs, blue paste work ditto, brown silks, Scotch thread, Hamburg whited long lawns, boys and mens white and brown thread hose, womens cotton hose, womens black silk mitts and gloves, mens brown thread and spun silk hose, plain, spotted, striped and suffles gauzes, lawns and lawn handkerchiefs, durants and callimancoes, lastings, fustians, taborets and camblets, silk mantuas of elegant colours, black perians and modes, silk ferge, perian and fustian petticoats, black Barcelona handkerchiefs, ribbands a neat assortment, fox tail and ostrich feathers of all colours, womens white kidd, Venetian beaver and coloured habit gloves, mens beaver, woodstock and doe gloves, mens black and beaver hats cocked and round, ladies beaver hats, boys and girls fancy hats, superfine broad cloths fashionable colours, Yorkshire cloths, ladies thin broadcloths for habits, fawn, tyrian, purple, Emperors eye and bottelle colours, sewing silk and scarff twist assorted colours, fishing seines and nets.

ALSO, A few trunks womens callimancoe and fustinet shoes, best hogskin and common saddles, ladies doekin saddles richly mounted, saddle-bags, portmanteaus, &c. Stationary, perfumery, toys, looking glasses, dressing boxes, violins, German flutes and guitars; brushes assorted, glass ware, ironmongery, iron chests, nails, shot, gunpowder, tin ware, single and double refined sugar, Shone and Clark's bottled porter, double and single Gloucester cheese, &c. &c.

CAME to the plantation whereon the subscriber lives, on the 22d. instant, belonging to Charles Justice, in Kingessing, a likely redish bay HORSE, about 14 or 15 hands high, with a black mane and black switch tail, his legs are black from the knees down both behind and before, and is shod all round; he appears to be about 5 or 6 years old, and is in good order. The owner of said horse is desir'd to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

May 23, 1784.

GEORGE STITZELL.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber, in Nockamixon township, Bucks county, on the night of the 30th of April last, a dark bay MARE, five years old, about 14 or 15 hands high; gallops and paces smartly, trots a little, lately shod before with a heavy pair of new shoes, hath neither brand nor ear-mark, but a small spot mixed with white hairs on her neck. Whoever takes up and secures said Mare, so that the owner may have her again, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS reward, and for Mare and Thief NINE DOLLARS, and reasonable charges, paid by

June 3, 1784.

PHILIP IDOM.

Gun-powder Forest, Baltimore county, Maryland, May 10, 1784.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY on the night of the 7th of May inst. from the subscriber, a Scotch convict servant Man, lately come into the country, and speaks much in the Scotch dialect, called ROBERT LYON, by trade a Fuller and Dyer, 5 feet 6 inches high, round faced, well made, black hair and bald pate; had on an old blue Sailor's jacket, dirty buckskin breeches, and stole a new pair of the same, which had no buttons on the waistband, grey hemp linen shirt, small round hat, blue and white mixed stockings, calf grain shoes, and small iron buckles. Whoever secures him for the subscriber, shall have the above reward, from

† 4 w.

JACOB LEMMON,



For LONDON,

The SHIP

A S T R E A,

ELISHA PINKHAM, Master;

A fine sailing Ship, now laying at Hewes and Anthony's Wharf, and will sail with all convenient Expedition. For Freight or Passage, apply to the Master on board, or to the Subscriber, in Chestnut-street.

JOHN FIELD.

WHEREAS I the subscriber did, in the Pennsylvania Gazette of October 22, 1783, throw some aspersions on the conduct and character of my wife Hannah Miller, and accused her of misbehaviour and eloping from me; and in the same paper I forewarned all persons from trusting her on my account; but upon more prudent examination of my wife's conduct, found that wicked and malicious people were the cause of the disturbance between us; and whereas we have both been since, and are now reconciled to each other, and dwell together peaceably, I therefore desire all persons not to take any notice of the aspersions or restraints published in said papers, but to deal with her, in my name, with the same confidence as formerly before such papers were printed.

† JAMES MILLER.

New-Britain, Bucks County, June 3, 1784.

WHEREAS an advertisement lately appeared in the Pennsylvania Gazette, concerning a quantity of goods taken in Chester county, that had been in possession of the robbers and murderers who for a long time infested this and the neighbouring counties; and the time given by that advertisement, for sufferers to claim their property, being expired, it is thought proper to give this further notice, in order to prevent reflections hereafter, that there are yet a number of articles unclaimed, which may be seen at the house of JOHN DAVIS, Esq; where they have been for time past, and will remain till the 24th instant, at which time whatever then remains unclaimed will be sold, in order to defray expenses.

TO BE SOLD by
FREDERICK PHILE,

At the sign of the Golden Pestle and Mortar, in Second-street, between Market and Arch-streets, a few doors above Christ-Church, a fresh and general assortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES; among which are the following articles, viz.

ANTIMONY, opium, quicksilver, Jesuits bark, ipecacuanua, tartar emetic, cream tartar, flour of brimstone, jallap, rhubarb, senna, manna, sal. epsom, glauber, tartar, corn, cerv. vol. ammon vol. borax, Roman vitriol, camphor, gum assafetida, myrrh, galbanum, gum ammoniac, tragacanth, mastick, cantharides, camomile flowers, magnesia alba, Carolina pink root, oil of juniper, lavender, rhodium, cloves, cinnamon, aniseed, essence of bergamot, best sweet oil, gentian root, orange peel, liquorish stick, vermicella, red sanders, annetto, Prussian blue, white lead, red lead, litharge, phials of all sorts, phial corks, white gallipots, furgeons pocket instruments, and a number of other articles too tedious to mention.

June 5.

IMPORTED BY
THOMAS PALMER,

In the ship Washington, and other vessels from Europe, and to be SOLD by the PACKAGE or PIECE, at the late CITY VENUDE STORE, in Front-street, between Market and Arch-streets. A large and very general assortment of

M E R C H A N D I Z E,

Suitable to the season, viz.

CASSIMERS, jeans, jeannets, fustians, royal ribs, velvets, plain and twilled black corduroys, dyed cotton linings, florentines, fustians, callimancoes, durants, tammies, moreens, masquerades, crapes, hairbines, coloured mantuas, black armozine and paduasoy, black and white fustians, perians and sarfines, black, white and coloured Barcelona handkerchiefs, kentings and kenting handkerchiefs, sprigged aprons, mullins, humburs, gauze, ribbands, ferrets, silk stay-laces, shoe and quality bindings, tully and striped garters, tapes and bobbin, twist of all sorts, nonsopretties, furniture lace, Dutch lace of all widths, a great variety of white thread edgings, trolly and joining lace, black edgings and lace, blond ditto, fringes, gimps, silk purples, white and coloured chip, cane and straw hats, mens and womens silk, thread and cotton hose, ditto silk, thread and leather gloves, scarf twist of best quality, death-head and metal buttons, button molds, sewing silk of all colours, buckrams, glazed linens, white, stitching and coloured threads, needles cotton and linen checks and stripes, bed-ticks, bed-bunts, furniture checks, sheetings, white and brown hessens, brown rolls and oznabrigs, sundry stationary, tea urns, plated candlesticks, looking-glasses, japanned ware, combs of all sorts, gun-flints, a large quantity of 3-4ths, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, mens fine and coarse shoes, womens leather, callimancoe, lasting fustian shoes, girls morocco ditto, curried seal-skins, boot-legs and vamps, mens and boys wool and castor hats, boxes of Scotch threads and pins, umbrellas, painters colours, boxes of tin plates, an assortment of sadlery, various articles of ironmongery, as anvils, smiths and coopers tools, scythes, shovels, hinges, locks, bolts, candlesticks, shears, sad-irons, nails, &c. with a complete assortment of Birmingham and Sheffield wares, also a few casks of glue, loaf sugar, glass decanters, wine-glasses, &c. and some boxes of candles; all which he is determined to sell on the very lowest terms for cash or on short credit, being enabled so to do by having imported them immediately from the manufacturers.

PETER WIKOFF,

In Front-street, between Arch and Race-streets, directly opposite to Elfrith's alley, has just imported in the last vessels from England and France, a large and general

Assortment of G O O D S,

Suitable to the season, which he will sell on the most reasonable terms, by the package or piece, for cash, bills of exchange, tobacco, Treasury interest notes, Mr. R. Morris's notes, any good paper security, paper money, or on short credit;

Among which are the following:

A VARIETY of mullins, Chintz and calicoes, India nankeens, long & wide, of the best kind, Bengals, masqueraded & striped, Irish and German linens of all kinds, White and brown Russia drillings, Russia and Irish sheetings, Superfine broad cloths of the most fashionable colours, Silk and linen handkerchiefs, Table-cloths, Queens cord, German ditto, Corduroys and snowdenets, Threads of all sorts, Stationary of different kinds, Womens best stuff shoes, Pins, needles and thimbles, Marfeilles best bordered quilting, Quality, coat and shoe bindings, Knives and forks sorted, Pistol cap knives, Scissars, shears and razors, Barlow pen-knives, Brads cocks, 8d. 10d. and 12d. nails, 8 by 10 and 7 by 9 best London crown window-glass, Shot of all sizes, Small crates of Queens-ware, suitable for families or shop-keepers.

A great quantity of brads candlesticks of every kind, such as, pushpuns, slides, new leaf, middle leaf, old leaf, scollop, square, round, fluted, necklace, beaded, taper, flat, term music, and various other kinds, which he will sell very low, by the package or quantity.

And many other articles too tedious to mention. c 3 m

Just imported in the ship Hannibal, Captain Cunningham, from L'Orient; the ship Olive Branch, Captain Willett; the ship Washington, Captain Dale, from London; and the ship Susanah, Captain Stocker, from Amsterdum, and to be SOLD by

JOHN CHALONER,

At his STORE, in Chestnut-street, next door to the Cross-Keys, the corner of Third-street, A large and general Assortment of

M E R C H A N D I Z E,

Amongst which are,-----

SUPERFINE and coarse cloths, Shalloons and rattinets, Durants, tammies and callimancoes, Moreens, denims and fustinets, Black cotton velvets, Fustians and jeans, Mens and womens thread and cotton hose, Boys and girls ditto, A large assortment of French and Dutch chintzes, calicoes, and printed linens, by the bale or piece, Cambricks, lawns and kentings ditto, Platillas royal ditto, Hazlem stripes, britannias, Dowlas, German oznabrigs and ticklenburg, by the package or piece, Irish linens, 3-4ths, 7-8ths and yard wide, Black, sky blue, pea green, and cloth coloured India taffeties, Romal, bandanoe and coloured silk handkerchiefs, Gauze ditto, Sewing silks, assorted colours, Threads, from No. 8 to 60, Thread gauzes, Best large and small post paper, Dutch quilts of the first quality, Powder and shot, Single and double refined London loaf sugar by the hhd. Several large and small cables, Also a quantity of cart and waggon gears, made in this city.

Imported in the last vessels from Europe, and now opening for SALE, at James Stuart's store, in Front-street, between Walnut-street and the Draw-bridge, and to be sold, by

STUART & BARR,

An Assortment of

M E R C H A N D I Z E,

Amongst which are-----

CHINTZES, cottons, printed linens, plain, spotted and flowered lawns, aprons and handkerchiefs, plain cyprus, spotted, flowered and suffles black and white gauzes, shawls, aprons and handkerchiefs, taffities, peelongs, perians, Irish silk and bandanoe handkerchiefs, a variety of checked and printed handkerchiefs, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linens, brown and white sheetings, cotton and linen checks, bed-ticken, furniture chintzes and checks, corduroys, calimancoes, shalloons, best Scotch white and coloured threads, sewing silks, buttons and twist, hardware, pins, tully garters, &c.

They daily expect an assortment of cutlery, bibles, testaments, and other school books. t b c

Evenham, Burlington county, May 20.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber in the night of the 10th instant, an Apprentice-Lad, named BENJAMIN STRATTIN, by trade a blacksmith, a smart active lad, about 5 feet 7 or eight inches high, has a mark on the left side of his face, which appears to have been burnt, light hair, turned up before, loves dancing, frolicking and bose company; had on and took with him, a blue coat and jacket, lined with white flannel, new leather breeches, two fine shirts, one coarse ditto, a nankeen jacket, a pair of striped linen trowsers, two pair of stockings, one pair blue, the other grey, a pair of half worn pumps, with plated buckles, and a half worn castor hat, with a black ribband round it. Whoever takes up and secures said apprentice in any goal, so that his master may get him again, shall have THREE POUNDS Reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

JOSEPH BATES.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off.

TO BE LETT,

PART of a HOUSE, consisting of eight rooms, besides the kitchen, four of which, viz. one on the lower floor, two on the second, and one on the third, with the use of the kitchen, will be lett to a reputable family. The situation about three miles from the city, about half a mile from Frankford road, very pleasant, and in a good neighbourhood, and would suit very well for a pleasant Retreat in the summer. Enquire of the Printers.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN, on the night of the 25th inst. out of the pasture of the subscriber, in Londongrove township, Chester county, a likely young GELDING, four years old this grass, between a dun and a bay colour, black mane and tail, of the Arabian breed, about 15 hands high, with a star, and one hind foot white. Whoever secures said horse and thief, so that the owner may have his horse again, and the thief brought to justice, shall be entitled to the above reward, and for the horse only EIGHT DOLLARS, and reasonable charges, paid by

May 26, 1784.

LEWIS PUSEY.

Richard Footman,

In THIRD-STREET, next door but one to the BUNCH of GRAPES INN, has imported in the Olive-Branch and Mildred, arrived from London.

A large assortment of M E R C H A N D I Z E,

Suitable to the season. Among which are,

SILK rosetta handkerchiefs; needle-work, printed and check ditto; plain, striped and check lawns; needle-work and soule aprons; nankeens; printed calicoes, cottons and chintzes; India chintzes and perians; chip hats; plain and ribbed callimancoes; mantuas, perians, sarfines and modes; copperplate furniture; plain and masqueraded bengals; linen and cotton checks and stripes; thread and cotton hose; brown quadruple sieffas; coloured crapes; corduroys and velvets; Marfeilles quilting and Dutch cord; cotton counterpanes; Flanders ticking and bed bunts; Irish linen, and oznabrigs; moreens, durants and dorsettees; 5-4 and 6-4 humburs and coffees; Scotch and coloured threads; broad Russia diapers; best scarf twist; Holland tapes and bobbins; pound and packet pins; brown and black buckrams; silk gloves and mitts; gartering and quality binding; camifiers; princes stuffs; everlastings; ruffels; plain, spotted, striped and soule gauzes, &c. &c.

Also, Best LONDON PORTER in Bottles.

IMPORTED in the brig CONVENTION, from DUBLIN, AND TO BE SOLD, BY

Conyngham, Nesbitt and Co.

A GENERAL assortment of 3-4ths, 7 8ths and yard wide Irish Linens, Oznabrigs, Loughrees, Sheetings, printed Linens, Threads, Kentings, Thread and Cotton Hose, a small Package of Looking-Glasses, Porter in Hogheads and Bottles, Old Hock in Hogheads and Bottles, and about Thirty Tons of Limestone, with a great Variety of other articles.

To be SOLD cheap for CASH,

As the Owner sails for England on Saturday next, A HEARTY, stout, young NEGROE WENCH, has been A used to both Town and Country Work, with a Female CHILD, of five Months old. Enquire of the Printers.

Philadelphia, May 18.

TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STRAYED, on the 16th instant, out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Warwick township, Bucks county, a bay MARE, 4 years old, 14 hands and an half high, a natural pacer, a few white hairs on her forehead, a black mane, and a large switch tail, was never shod. Whoever takes up said mare, so that the owner may get her again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

May 22.

JOSHUA DUNGAN.

TO BE RENTED,

A genteel brick HOUSE,

On the north side of Chestnut-street, between Second and Third-streets.

IT is three stories high, and has two rooms on each floor, the front rooms up stairs are the whole width of the house, the stair-case is carried up in a separate building, adjoining to which are a convenient brick kitchen, and a building very convenient for storing goods, both two stories high; there are excellent dry cellars under the whole, and in good order; and beyond the buildings is a small garden, fenced with good cedar paling.

This house is excellently well situated for a gentleman in trade, and possession may be had immediately. For further particulars apply to the printers.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN on the 11th of this instant, out of the shed, at William Heaton's tavern, at the 14 mile stone, on the old York road, a bright bay MARE, saddle and bridle, 5 years old this spring, about 14 hands and an half high, one hind foot white, trots and canters well. Whoever secures and delivers said mare to the owner, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by the subscriber, living in Buckingham township, Bucks county.

May 15, 1784.

CORNELIUS SHEPHERD.

WHEREAS I the subscriber being wrongfully accused by one MARY WOULBERT, who, through the instigation of some of her lovers, hath sworn that she is big with child by me, and I being through threatening and persuasion compelled to marry her; but having since found out that she swore the child to the wrong person, I therefore desire all persons not to trust the said Mary Woulbert any thing on my account, for I will not pay any thing of her contracting from the date hereof, and never keep house with her.

PETER ECKEL.

CAME to the plantation of the Widow Kite, in Blockley township, on the first day of May, a Black HORSE, about four or five years old, shod before, a star in his forehead, trots natural, and canters well, the owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges and take him away.

JAMES COOPER.

Ridley, May 15, 1784.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons who have just demands against the Estate of JOHN KNOWLES, late of Ridley, in Chester county, deceased, that they bring in their accounts for settlement, agreeable to law; and all persons indebted to said estate, are earnestly requested to make payment to

JOHN CROZER, acting Executor.

WHEREAS I the subscriber gave a Note of Twenty-five Pounds about a year ago, for a Tract of Land in Washington township, Cumberland county, payable the First day of May, 1784, unto a certain GEORGE COFMAN, and now I find that the said George Cofman cannot give a proper title for said land. I therefore forewarn all persons not to take an assignment of said note, as it was fraudulently obtained, I will not pay the same, unless compelled by law.

April 6, 1784.

GEORGE MESSEBOUGH.

RAN AWAY the night of the 9th instant, from the subscriber, living in Sadsbury township, Chester county, an Irish servant Man, named JOHN O'SKULLION, he is about 5 feet 7 inches high, thin smooth face, thin nose, full eyed, thin brown hair, had on and took with him a short brown coat, with the sleeves pieced with white cloth, a blue Sailor's jacket and corduroy breeches, a pair of old buckskin ditto, two wool hats, one old, the other new, one tow shirt and one linen ditto. Whoever takes up said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by

May 17, 1784.

ALEXANDER M'PHERSON.

EIGHTEEN DOLLARS Reward,

BROKE out of the county Goal of Newcastle, on Delaware, on the night of the 28th of April last, the three following NEGROE MEN, to wit; WILL, a stout made fellow, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and is very black, had on a blue coat, striped green jacket, old buckskin breeches, white yarn stockings, and an old round fur hat: BOB, about 27 years of age, a slim made fellow, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, had on an old striped linsley jacket, old linen trowsers much worn, old yarn stockings, and an old fur hat: BILL, a slim made fellow, about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, had on a dark linsley coat, striped linen under jacket, old black breeches, white yarn stockings, and old shoes. Whoever takes up the above described Negroes, and secures them in any goal, shall be entitled to the above reward, and reasonable charges, or in proportion for either of them.

Thomas Clark, Goaler.

New-Castle, May 1, 1784.

JOHN CLARK, Dyer in general,

In Second-street, the sixth door above Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, informs the Public,

THAT he wishes to purchase a quantity of RAW SILK, either in the cocoons or reeled; and as a constant demand may be fully expected, he would wish to be informed by those, who intend to raise any this year in any of the states, what quantity they expect to have, for which he will give a good price. All letters on this subject (post paid) will be punctually answered.

N. B. A stout active boy, about 13 or 14 years of age, wanted as an apprentice to the Dying Business. \$ 8 w.

Now opening for SALE, by

DANIEL TYSON,

In Water-street, Mid-way between Market and Arch-streets,--

A general Assortment of

European and East-India GOODS,

Imported in the last Vessels from Europe. 4 w

Joseph, Jonathan and John Miffin

HAVE just imported, in the Olive Branch, Capt. Willet, from London, A general Assortment of MERCHANDISE, which they are now opening for Sale, at their Store in Second-street, a few doors below Walnut-street.

Fresh Drugs and Medicines,

A general Assortment, just imported in the Olive Branch, Captain Willet, from London, and now on Sale by

DAVID JACKSON,

In Second-street, midway between Market and Chestnut-streets, A L S O, very elegant Surgeons pocket instruments, scalpels, A best crown and spring lancets, neat lancet cases, catheters, trocars, bolus knives, Apothecaries scales and weights, a general assortment of shop furniture, smelling bottles, marble mortars, phials, pill-boxes, camel hair pencils, a few sets of crayons, fine carmine, drop lake, flake white, &c.

Likewise the following PATENT MEDICINES, viz.

Godfrey's cordial, Anderson's, Hooper's and Lockyer's pills, Turlington's balsam, British oil, essence of peppermint and Hill's American balsam.

N. B. With the above assortment is arrived a quantity of that most excellent drug, the REX BARK, which is now in the highest reputation, as a perfect cure for intermittent and other fevers.

May 19, 1784.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in East-Nantmill township, Chester county, on the 28th of May, an Irish Servant Lad, named HENRY LOGAN, about 21 years of age. Had on when he went away, a short brown jacket without sleeves, tow linen shirt and trowsers. It is likely he will change his clothes if he can. Whoever takes up said run-away, and secures him, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, paid by

WILLIAM STARRETT.

N. B. Masters of vessels and others are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Captain JOHN VICARY, late of this city, deceased, are desired to make payment to the subscribers; and those who have any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring them, properly proved, to

c 4 w

RICHARD RUNDLE, or) Executors.
SAMUEL COATS,)

Fourth Month, 28th, 1784.

ALL Persons indebted to the estate of HENRY WILSON, late of the borough of Bristol, Shop-keeper, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment. And those persons having demands against said estate are requested to make them known to

LYDIA WILSON, Administratrix,

RICHARD HARTSHORNE, Administrator.

FOR SALE, wholesale and retail, by

JOHN MORRELL,

At his ware-house, in Front-street, between Market and Arch-streets, a large and neat assortment of blue painted, enamelled and plain

QUEEN'S WARE

In crates and hogheads.

GLASS WARE & CHINA in boxes,

Taylor and Son's 8 by 10 and 7 by 9

WINDOW GLASS.

He likewise re-packs and affords crates and boxes of ware agreeable to orders, on the shortest notice.

MILES and MORGAN

Have for sale, at their store in Second-street, next door to Michael Hillegas, Esq; and opposite to the store lately occupied by Morgan and Baker, and at their distillery in Moravian alley,

PHILADELPHIA Rum of the best quality, by the quantity or single hoghead; also molasses by the hoghead. They have likewise at their said store a neat assortment of BAR-IRON of the first quality, and castings of different kinds.

They mean to keep a constant supply of the above articles, where merchants, city and country retailers and black-smiths may be furnished, on the most reasonable terms.

To be SOLD, at Private Sale,

A SNUFF MILL and Geers, frame Stable and the remainder part of the unexpired term of a Lease, for the lot of Ground whereon the mill and stables are erected, situate on the fourth side of Vine-street, between Second and Third-streets, in the city of Philadelphia, the rent for which is Eight Spanish milled Dollars per annum and taxes, the mill and geers are in the best order, the greatest part of the works were new made last summer, the stable is new and fitted for six horses. Any person inclining to purchase, may view the premises and know the terms, by applying to Mr. George Rigener, at the late Widow Brown's house, in Second-street, the fifth door above Vine-street.

N. B. The purchaser giving security if required, and paying interest may have credit for the purchase money.

Newtown, April 27, 1784.

BROKE goal, and made their escape, last night, the three following persons, viz. SOLOMON VICKARS, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high. HENRY CONNARD, about 22 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, short dark hair, fair complexion, and a very smooth face; committed and indicted as one of the robbers of the Treasury. JACOB DUNCAN, about 22 years of age, 6 feet high, stout made, fair complexion, short fair hair; committed as an aider of the robbers. Whoever takes up and secures the said prisoners, so that the subscriber may receive them again, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward for either Duncand or Connard, and THIRTY SHILLINGS for Vickers, and reasonable charges, from

PATRICK HUNTER, Goaler.

TO BE LETT,

For the Summer Season, or for one year, and may be entered upon immediately,

THAT large and commodious MANSION HOUSE, with proper out houses, belonging to the subscriber, situate at the FALLS of Schuylkill, and commanding a grand and extensive prospect of the river and many adjacent country seats. A proportion of pasture and meadow, or the whole of a small farm, may be had with the house. For terms apply to ANTHONY ST. CLAIR, Esq; at the City Vendue Store, Philadelphia, or to Mr. JOHN VANDEREN, near the premises.

WILLIAM SMITH.

Just imported in the last vessels from London, Bristol and Glasgow, and to be sold by

WILLIAM & JAMES MILLER,

At their store in Front-street, the corner of Gray's-alley, between Chestnut and Walnut-streets,

A LARGE assortment of DRY GOODS, suitable to the approaching season, among which are, 7-8ths and yard wide Irish linsens, 3-gr. dowlas, brown quadruple, flannels, brown and white Russia sheetings, 9-gr. Flannels bed tick, 3 gr. and 7-8ths striped ticken, brown and white buckram, calicoes and chintzes, 6-gr. humbreds and calices, plain and striped yard wide mullins, a variety of linen and check handkerchiefs, Barcelona, Bandanoe, Romal and Pulicat ditto, India nankeens, cotton counterpanes, Marseilles quilting, gauzes of all kinds, plain and flowered kenting lawns, plain catgut, white and coloured Scotch threads, mens, womens and childrens thread and cotton hose, mens silk ditto, womens silk mitts and gloves, durants, callimancoes, shalloons, camblettes, mohair buttons and twist, sewing silk, cotton stripes, a large variety of ribbons, India Persians, pins and needles of all sizes, womens and girls shoes by the box, ivory and horn combs, glass beads, knives and forks, &c. all of which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

N. B. They expect a very large assortment of other goods by the first vessels from different parts of Europe.

HOUSE and LOT for Sale,

A Convenient Lot of Ground, with a good frame house, two stories high, and a kitchen thereon, situate on one of the main streets in the improving and healthy village of Mountholly, Burlington county, State of New-Jersey; it is conveniently situated for a store or other business, as shallops of considerable burthen can load at the foot of the loft. Apply to NATHANIEL LEWIS, in said town, or the subscriber, in Second-street, near Spruce-street, Philadelphia, who has likewise for sale a good assortment of BOULTING CLOTHS.

April 26, 1784.

MARY LEWIS.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in West-Calm township, Chester county, a little bay HORSE, shod before, two white feet. The owner proving property, and paying charges, may have him again.

May 27, 1784.

JOHN FLEMING.

THE Subscribers, having obtained Certificates for the deficiencies of clothing to the amount of upwards of TWENTY DOLLARS, for each non-commissioned officer and private in the late JERSEY LINE, who served the full term of the War; do hereby notify to all concerned, that they mean to attend at BRIDGE-TOWN, in Cumberland county, on the 28th of June next, and at TRENTON, from the 1st to the 3d of July.

7 W.

J. PECK,

J. BLAIR,

Agents.

Philad, May 12, 1784.

THE FULL-BLOODED HORSE GREY FIGURE,

WILL cover Mares at the stable of the Subscriber, in Buckingham township, Bucks county, and state of Pennsylvania, at the low rate of Three Pounds the Season; the money to be paid at the time of covering, or in six months; and if not paid then, Nine Dollars.

Figure is a dapple grey, full fifteen hands, one and a half inch high, rising ten years old this grass. He was got by the old noted Horse Figure, and out of a Dove and Otiello Mare. He is as high bred a horse as any on the continent, and inferior to none for elegance. The Subscriber has lately obtained a certificate from Maryland, in order to give satisfaction to any Gentleman who may dispute his blood.

All persons who chuse to send their Mares may depend on having good pasture provided for, and the best care taken of them, by their humble servant,

April 15, 1784.

WILLIAM BENNET.

April 22, 1784.

WHEREAS ANN LEONARD, the wife of the subscriber, has eloped from his bed and board, these are therefore to forewarn all persons from trusting her on his account, as he is determined to pay no debts of her contracting after the date hereof.

MICHAEL LEONARD.

Delaware State, to wit,

To all whom it may Concern.

(L. S.) **THE** Sieur F. Barbé de Marbois, Counsellor to Parliament, having been recognized by the United States in Congress assembled, as Consul of France in the State aforesaid, and Consul General for the Thirteen United States of America; it is hereby declared, that the privileges, pre-eminence and authority belonging to such character and quality, are due to him. Done at New-Castle, this Twenty fifth day of April, in the year of our Lord, One thousand seven hundred and eighty-four.

Attest. JAMES BOOTH, Secretary.

WILLIAM POYNTELL,

Has imported in the Brig Minerva from Glasgow, and is opening for Sale at his Book and Stationary Store, in Second-street, three doors below Market-street,

A LARGE Quantity of Bibles with Psalms, Ditto without Psalms, Testaments, New-England Primers, Bayley's Dictionaries, Ready Reckoner, Watts's Psalms, Ditto Hymns, Ditto Psalms and Hymns together, Horn-Books, Common Prayer Books, Ditto in Morocco, very neat, &c. &c. &c.

And in the Delaware, from London, a large Assortment of STATIONARY; among which are--Ledgers neatly bound and marbled, Journals and Waste Books, Invoice and Letter Books, Cash and Record Books, Shining Sand, Pewter Ink Chests, large round Ink Stands, small Ditto, Slates and Pencils, Sealing Wax, a great Variety of Ladies Etwee Cases with Instruments, Copperplate Copies, Parchment in Rolls, a great Variety of ornamented visiting Cards, Ditto Messlage Cards, Ditto Plain, Marble Paper, Russian blue Ditto, &c.

A very large Assortment PAPER HANGINGS.

A large Assortment of Classics, Magazines, &c. are daily expected.

WILLIAM SHEAFF,

HAS FOR SALE,

At the South-east Corner of MARKET and FIFTH-STREETS,

OLD Madeira, }
Sherry, }
Lisbon, }
Malaga, }
Teneriffe, }
Red and White Port }
Claret, by the Box or Dozen, }
Old Hock, by Ditto, }
Jamaica Spirits, }
West-India Rum, }
French Brandy, }
Best Holland Geneva in Cases, }
Wine Bitters, by the Bottle, }
Wine and Cyder Vinegar, }
Double and single refined Loaf }
Sugar, &c. &c.

Foreigners and others may be constantly supplied with the best of Liquors, bottled, by the Dozen, or smaller Quantity, at the above Store.

Said SHEAFF has a Quantity of fresh CLOVER and BARLEY for SEED.

Bucks county, April 25, 1784.

THREE POUNDS REWARD,

STOLEN out of the stable of John Addes, in Northampton township, Bucks county, near Richard Leedom's Tavern, on the night between the 24th and 25th instant, a dark brown MARE, rising 9 years old, full 14 hands high, with a bald face inclining a little to one side, the hoof of one of her hind feet white, fresh galled with the collar on the point of each shoulder, the hair wore off each side of her neck with the bridle reins, the hair also wore off her sides with the saddle, was shod all round when stolen; trots and canters. Any person who shall apprehend the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, shall receive Four Dollars of the above reward, the other Four Dollars to be paid for the Mare, and reasonable charges, if delivered to the subscriber.

PHILIP VAN SICKLER.



SICKLES AND SCYTHES,

IN large or small quantities, are now preparing for the ensuing harvest, and to be sold by the subscriber, at the Sickle and Scythe, in Front-street, between Pine-street and the Drawbridge, Philadelphia.

EVAN TRUMAN.

N. B. Said Truman makes all sorts of mill-irons, branding-irons, smiths bellows, and smiths work in general, in the best and neatest manner; also hath for sale, fullers, tobaccoconists, timber and millers screws, and a quantity of grindstones of the best quality.

Orders directed to Robert Lewis and Sons, and Levi Hollingsworth, in Philadelphia; or Thomas Clarkson and Co. in Portsmouth, Virginia, will be gratefully received, and punctually attended to.

6 w

SMOAK and WIND-UP JACKS,

Made and carefully repaired, Kitchen Ranges with Wind-up Cheeks, and Draw-out Spit-Racks, Bells neatly hung, and Spring-curtains, Iron chests and Cupboards, made by C. CECIL, from London, three doors above Market-street, in Front-street.

N. B. WANTED, a JOURNEYMAN, that understands working at the above business; and also an APPRENTICE.

2/6 c t f.

June 2, 1784.